

## Corrections

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Calcium Binding Properties of Synthetic  $\gamma$ -Carboxyglutamic Acid-Containing Marine Cone Snail "Sleeper" Peptides, Conantokin-G and Conantokin-T, by Mary Prorok, Scott E. Warder, Tamas Blandl, and Francis J. Castellino\*, Volume 35, Number 51, December 24, 1996, pages 16528–16534.

Page 16530. Under Results, the structures for conantokin-G and conantokin-T should read as follows: NH<sub>2</sub>-Gly-Glu-Gla-Gla-Leu-Gln-Gla-Asn-Gln-Gla-Leu-Ile-Arg-Gla-Lys-Ser-Asn-NH<sub>2</sub> (con-G) and NH<sub>2</sub>-Gly-Glu-Gla-Gla-Tyr-Gln-Lys-Met-Leu-Gla-Asn-Leu-Arg-Gla-Ala-Glu-Val-Lys-Lys-Asn-Ala-NH<sub>2</sub> (con-T).

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Three-Dimensional Structure of a  $\gamma$ -Carboxyglutamic Acid-Containing Conotoxin, Conantokin G, from the Marine Snail *Conus geographus*: The Metal-Free Conformer, by Alan C. Rigby, James D. Baleja,\* Barbara C. Furie, and Bruce Furie\*, Volume 36, Number 23, June 10, 1997, pages 6906–6914.

Page 6912. Under Discussion, the comment that differences in the secondary structure in independent studies of the apoconantokin G might be due to the use of a form of conantokin G that lacks the C-terminal amide is incorrect since the peptide used by Prorok et al. [Prorok, M., Warder, S. E., Blandl, T., & Castellino, F. J. (1996) *Biochemistry* 35, 16528–16534] is amidated at the C-terminus.

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